

A large, stylized illustration of a plant with several long, pointed leaves in shades of blue and purple, extending diagonally across the page from the bottom left towards the top right.

2020

China Council for International Cooperation on
Environment and Development
ANNUAL REPORT



2020 Annual Report



Established with the approval of the Government of China in 1992, China Council for International Cooperation on Environment and Development (CCICED) is a high-level international advisory body. Along with rapid economic and social progress, CCICED has witnessed and taken part in China's historic shifts in its development philosophy and model. It has played a unique role in championing sustainable development.

CCICED spans a term of five years for each phase. The CCICED Chairperson is taken by one of the leaders of China’s State Council who is responsible for environment issues. Currently, the CCICED Chairperson is taken by Mr. Han Zheng, Vice Premier of the State Council. The Ministry of Ecology and Environment of China (MEE) serves as the executing agency of CCICED. The first phase of CCICED (1992-1996) focused primarily on exchanging and spreading international experience and successful policies and raising environmental awareness of decision makers. The second phase of CCICED (1997-2001) paid attention to environmental pollution problems in China by studying the relations between environment and economic development and facilitating the development of laws and regulations on environmental protection. The third phase of CCICED (2002-2006) was committed to incorporating environmental protection into comprehensive decision making for the development of China and exploring how to reach reciprocal relationship between environment and economic development. The fourth phase (2007-2011) promoted China to establish new relationship between economic development and environmental protection and explored new path with which environmental protection optimizes economic development. Aiming to facilitate sustainable development and ecological civilization in China, the fifth phase of CCICED (2012-2016) shifts its policy research focus to environment and social development issues. The sixth phase of CCICED (2017-2021) aims to serve China's ecological civilization construction and global sustainable development, and promote the realization of a beautiful China and a green and prosperous world.

Over the past 29 years, with the support of the Chinese Government and the cooperation coming from relevant foreign governments and international organizations, CCICED has been providing policy recommendations to the Chinese Government on key environmental and developmental issues by inviting internal and external experts and scholars conducting in-depth researches, so as to make unique contribution to sustainable development of China, for which CCICED has attracted high attention and received full recognition of all Chinese and international partners. It has opened the door to international experience on sustainable development and built a bridge between China and the international community on environment and development. The CCICED is truly a platform of exchange, enabling the international community to understand China and support China’s engagement with the world.

2020 Annual Report

Table of Contents

I.Overview	02
II.High-Level Events	04
III. Policy Studies Release	07
IV.Policy Research	09
V.Publicity and Communication	14
VI.Operation and Management	17
VII.Fund Management	20
VIII.Major Work Plan for 2021	21
IX.Partners	23
Appendix :	
I.2020 Policy Recommendations	24
II.2020 Highlights	27
III.CCICED Phase VI Composition (as of December 2020)	30

Overview

2020 was a very unusual year: the sudden outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic plunged the global economy into severe recession. It was meant to be a “super year,” with significant expectations for important actions on environmental protection, but many ambitious plans to tackle climate change and nature conservation had to be postponed. In 2020, China made important announcements to address climate change, aiming to peak carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions by 2030 and achieve carbon neutrality by 2060, giving new impetus to global climate governance.

In 2020, CCICED adjusted its work methods to overcome the negative impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. It has carried out the 2020 Work Plan as approved by the Executive Members under the annual theme of “Green Recovery with Resilience and High-Quality Development.” It has also provided advice and recommendations on issues such as green recovery, ecological civilization, and the 14th Five-year Plan (14th FYP). The aim of this period is to focus on building an innovative platform for international cooperation on the environment and development that embraces global inclusiveness, open cooperation, and mutual benefits and development. CCICED has achieved positive progress in areas such as conducting policy research, promoting exchanges and communications, strengthening operation and management, and expanding partnerships.

As always, the work of CCICED has been highly valued and supported by the Chinese government. The annual policy recommendation “From Recovery to Green Prosperity: Accelerating the Transition Toward High-Quality Green Development During the 14th Five-Year Plan Period” was approved and replied to by Vice Premier Han Zheng and forwarded to relevant Chinese ministries and local governments for reference, as well as highly affirmed by many stakeholders. The special report “Innovation and Sustainable Production and Consumption in the 14th Five-Year Plan Period” was listed as important reference material for the formulation of the 14th FYP. Other policy recommendations such as post-pandemic green recovery, early peaking of carbon emissions, initiating high-level dialogues on biodiversity conservation, green consumption, and laws on Yangtze River protection have also made positive contributions to the introduction of major policy decisions.

The participation of Chinese and international council members, special advisors, and experts has played an active and crucial role in the continuous advancement of CCICED’s work. More than 30 council members and special advisors have participated in the preparation of the “Annual Policy Recommendations.” In addition, nearly 40 council members and special advisors have participated in CCICED’s policy research in various forms, carrying out forward-looking research and contributing wisdom on hotspot issues, which has improved the quality of CCICED’s policy research.

The Ministry of Ecology and Environment (MEE) has further strengthened its leadership and support to the CCICED Secretariat and has enhanced its personal and financial support to the Secretariat. Chinese government agencies such as the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the National Development and Reform Commission, the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, the Ministry of Finance, the Ministry of Natural Resources, the Ministry of Transport, the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, the Ministry of Commerce, and the People’s Bank of China, all continue to attach significant importance to the work of CCICED with active support in numerous ways.

CCICED Phase VI continues to receive broad attention and active support from the international community. Government agencies from the European Union and countries including Canada, Norway, Germany, Sweden, Netherlands, and Italy, , as well as



On November 10, 2020, Sun Jinlong, Secretary of the Leading Party Members Group of the MEE, visited the CCICED Secretariat. Mr. Sun Jinlong expressed the need for in-depth analysis of changes in the international and domestic situation, holding on to the basic starting points of serving the construction of an ecological civilization, the protection of the ecological environment, and participation in global environmental governance. He expected CCICED to continue serving and supporting the central work of ecological and environmental protection in response to climate change, biodiversity protection, and pollution prevention; and to make new and greater contributions to winning the battles on pollution prevention and control and the advancement of ecological civilization.

international organizations including the Rockefeller Brothers Foundation, the Children’s Investment Fund Foundation, the Energy Foundation, the Environmental Defense Fund, and the Nature Conservancy, have provided solid financial support for CCICED. Other supporting international and regional organizations include United Nations Environment Programme, United Nations Development Programme, United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Asian Development Bank, International Institute for Sustainable Development, World Resources Institute, World Wildlife Fund for Nature, World Economic Forum, and ClientEarth. They have been joined by renowned enterprises such as Esquel Group and Walmart Inc. All these supporting agencies have contributed to CCICED’s work in various forms, such as participating in the research, organizing joint events, providing capacity-building activities, and providing financial and intellectual support.

In addition, many think tanks, universities, and research institutions provide support to CCICED through expert consultation, supporting capacity-building activities, and disseminating and sharing outputs at home and abroad. All of these are important building blocks for the long-term development of CCICED.

High-Level Events



I. Huang Runqiu, Minister of the MEE and CCICED Executive Vice Chairperson, visited the CCICED Secretariat

On September 1, 2020, Huang Runqiu, Minister of the MEE and CCICED Executive Vice Chairperson, visited the CCICED Secretariat. Mr. Huang Runqiu affirmed that CCICED's work is pragmatic and effective, especially in organizing Special Policy Studies (SPS). He added that the research outputs of the 10 SPS projects under four task forces are valuable references for the work of ecological and environmental protection in the context of COVID-19 pandemic prevention and control, as well as for the formulation of the 14th FYP. He endorsed the innovative work of the CCICED Secretariat and expressed the expectation for CCICED to provide more wise advice and pragmatic recommendations on major national priorities of ecological and environmental protection and the building of an ecological civilization.



II. Huang Runqiu, Minister of the MEE and CCICED Executive Vice Chairperson, met with Erik Solheim, CCICED Vice Chairperson

On November 26, 2020, Huang Runqiu, Minister of the MEE and CCICED Executive Vice Chairperson, met with Erik Solheim, CCICED Vice Chairperson, in Beijing. The two sides exchanged views on topics of common interest such as climate change, biodiversity conservation and the construction of a green "Belt and Road." Signe Brudeset, Norwegian Ambassador to China, attended the meeting.



III. CCICED 2020 Roundtable Meeting

On December 9, 2020, the CCICED 2020 Roundtable Meeting was held in Shenzhen. Under the theme of “Innovative Cities and Greater Bay Area Green Development”, the Roundtable Meeting focused on climate-smart cities and green construction in the Greater Bay Area. The attendees include Erik Solheim, CCICED Vice Chairperson and Senior Advisor of the World Resources Institute; Liu Shijin, Chinese Chief Advisor of CCICED and Deputy Director of the Economic Committee of the Chinese People’s Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC); Scott Vaughan, International Chief Advisor of CCICED and former President and CEO of the International Institute for Sustainable Development; and Li Yong, Director-General of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization. The above attendees also delivered speeches.

The conference concluded that cities are the main “battleground” for economic growth and carbon emission reduction. To achieve the goal of carbon neutrality by 2060, China should synergize the promotion of economic growth, ecological restoration, pollution prevention and control, and carbon emission reduction, and formulate targets, timetables, and roadmaps for carbon emission reduction. It is suggested to give full play to regional synergistic interactions and the innovation gene of the Greater Bay Area, to promote green technologies with economic and social benefits, and mobilize the enthusiasm and creativity of individual cities. It is recommended to develop policies that align with local realities, and measures that are tested to be effective, to unleash China’s economic growth momentum through green urbanization under the framework of climate targets (namely, peak CO₂ emissions by 2030 and carbon neutrality by 2060).

Hideki Minamikawa, CCICED Member and President of Japan Environmental Sanitation Center, and Huang Xiangyue, Governor of the Nanshan District, Shenzhen, attended the meeting. Other participants include representatives from the Environmental Defense Fund, World Resources Institute, World Economic Forum, GIZ, Chinese Academy of Environmental Planning, Chinese Academy of Urban Planning and Design, US Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, California-China Climate Institute, Columbia University, and British Consulate General in Guangzhou. The team leaders and experts of CCICED SPS and representatives of CCICED partners, also attended the meeting.

Policy Studies Release



The CCICED 2020 Policy Studies Release was held in Beijing on September 17–18, 2020. The event was held in a hybrid format of “online + offline + livestream” and attracted great attention both at home and abroad. Nearly 1,000 representatives from more than 50 Chinese and international institutions attended the event, over 200,000 people watched the live broadcast, and nearly 1,000 messages were posted on major media and social media platforms. The main results are as follows:

(1) The policy recommendations have received widespread attention, fully demonstrating the forward-looking characteristics of CCICED research and its role as a direct channel.

CCICED proposed to “promote the green and low-carbon transition in the 14th Five-year Plan and post-pandemic economic green recovery,” “increase the efforts on accelerating the decarbonization of China’s economy, reaching the emission peak in advance and speeding up carbon emissions reductions,” “establish a negative list system for overseas investment, restricting high-carbon lock-in projects such as coal-fired power plants,” and “initiate dialogues with heads of state or government before the COP15 of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), sending a strong political signal to the world on the concerns for nature at the highest level.” These recommendations were widely accepted by participants and have been reflected in the recent policies and actions of the Chinese government and the international community.

(2) The research results have grasped the frontier hotspot issues and received close attention from the media, effectively enhancing the influence of CCICED research.

The event was livestreamed by People’s Daily Online, Paper Online, and the Belt and Road Portal, with more than 200,000 viewers, covering all 34 provincial administrative regions. Nearly 50 media outlets covered the event, including live reporting and exclusive interviews from CCTV and Phoenix TV. In addition, nearly 1,000 pieces of news were published by Nature, Xinhua Net, Qiangguo Forum, China Daily, Southern Metropolis Daily, China Business News, and China Environment News, among others.



The Qiangguo Forum comprehensively covered CCICED's policy recommendations on promoting high-quality economic development, specifically on China's 14th FYP, post-pandemic green recovery, green urbanization, and sustainable production and consumption. The Belt and Road Portal live broadcast the speeches from Chinese and international team leaders of the Special Policy Research on "Green Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) and 2030 SDGs." Phoenix TV interviewed the team leaders of CCICED's Special Policy Research on ocean governance and on green BRI, presenting research recommendations from CCICED on major global environmental issues. Nature magazine published an editorial that highly valued CCICED's significant role in connecting China with the global environmental science and policy community.

(3) The event adopted an innovative format of "online + offline + livestream" with high participation of council members and partners, highlighting the role of CCICED as a two-way communication platform.

This is the first-of-its-kind release event for CCICED's SPS. A total of 20 team leaders of SPS projects from China, North America, and Europe introduced the research outputs. 15 council members and 12 special advisors from 13 countries and regions, including Germany, Norway, the United States, Canada, United Kingdom, Sweden, Switzerland, Netherlands, Finland, Japan, Korea, Russia, and Australia, as well as representatives from the embassies of the above countries in China, participated in the event. Nearly 1,000 representatives from more than 50 institutions attended the event, including United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Environment Programme, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Asian Development Bank, Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank, World Economic Forum, the World Resources Institute, Environmental Defense Fund, the Energy Foundation, Children's Investment Fund Foundation, Rockefeller Brothers Foundation, GIZ, and ClientEarth.

Policy Research

CCICED Phase VI has established four major task forces: "Global Environmental Governance and Ecological Civilization," "Green Urbanization and Environment Improvement" "Innovation, Sustainable Production, and Consumption," and "Green Energy, Investment, and Trade." Under the framework, SPS projects were established and have incorporated hotspot issues in the corresponding area. The emerging scientific and systematic nature in those studies has enhanced the foresight and the influence of CCICED's policy research and has been appreciated and affirmed by the Chinese and international council members, special advisors, and partners. Each SPS project is focused on major planning and strategies such as China's 14th FYP, as well as important global environmental issues such as climate change and biodiversity conservation and put forward relevant policy recommendations.

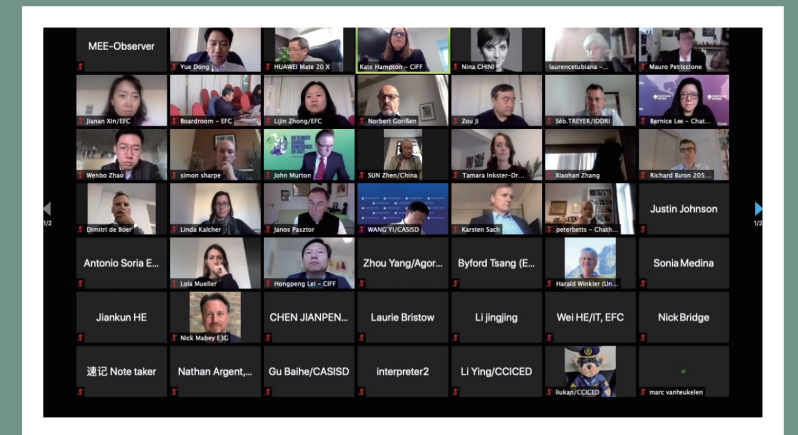
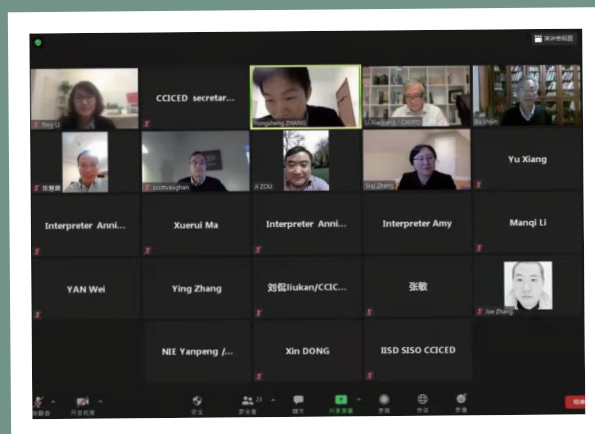
(1) Focusing on Major National Strategies to Serve the Needs of China's High-Quality Development

1. Research on new urbanization models. The SPS on "Green Urbanization Strategy and Pathways toward Regional Integrated Development" focuses on the greening of existing cities and towns, the greening of emerging cities, and the relationship between urban and rural areas to study the impacts of emerging technologies on future urbanization models and forms in the digital age. The research aims to propose policy recommendations on new strategic pathways for China's urbanization and the required supporting mechanisms in the transition from an industrial civilization to an ecological one.

2. Research on the ecological capital accounting of river basins. The SPS on "Ecological Compensation and Green Development Institutional Reform in the Yangtze River Economic Belt" focuses on the study of natural capital accounting, ecological financing mechanisms, and policy innovations. It has carried out studies on accounting standardization platforms, pricing and trading mechanisms for ecological products, design of investment and financing policies, application of accounting in spatial planning, and institutional guarantees for the realization of ecological product values. The project has put forward targeted and timely policy recommendations for the comprehensive conservation of the Yangtze River and the high-quality development of the Yellow River Basin.

3. Research on the support of green consumption and key production sectors for high-quality development in the 14th FYP period. Through the study on establishing a Green Consumption Index System and relevant evolution methods, the SPS on "Green

Policy Research



Transition and Sustainable Social Governance” has produced quantitative analyses on the contribution of sustainable consumption to the transition toward a green economy, and the role of government procurement in promoting the supply of green commodities and service. It has carried out case studies regarding green consumption and production policies in the automobile industry, green electricity market reform, green buildings, and digital low-carbon lifestyles. The project has put forward policy recommendations on the goals, tasks, and main methods of green consumption in the 14th FYP period, as well as on the role of green consumption in supporting high-quality development.

4. Research on the financial system for ecological protection. The SPS on “Green Finance” addresses difficulties in financing ecological governance and biodiversity conservation, through studies on international best practices on ecological governance and biodiversity financing models. It has explored the use of administrative and market means for solving the challenges in incentives and constraints in conservation finance and put forward an overall plan and policy recommendations on promoting ecological protection and biodiversity financing.

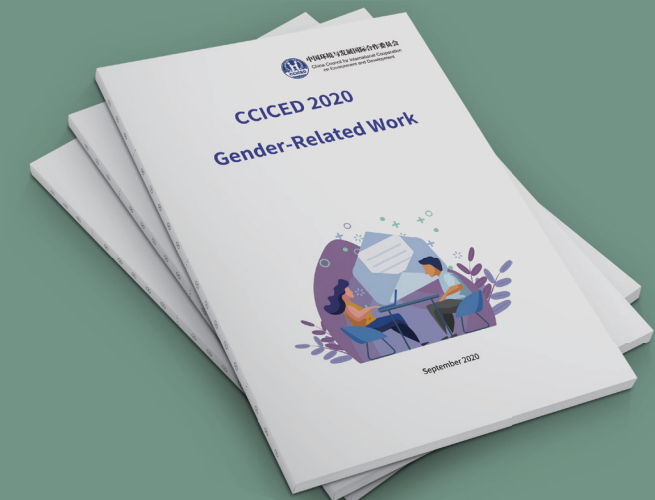
5. Research on green technology innovation mechanisms. The SPS on "Major Green Technology Innovation and Implementation Mechanisms" tackles the challenges of high energy consumption and high pollution in China’s urbanization process, dedicating the study of green technology innovations to the following six fields: planning, water resources, energy, transportation, buildings, and

food. It has put forward a list of green technology that can be promoted and applied during the 14th FYP period, as well as policy recommendations such as the implementation mechanisms to promote green technology innovation and integrated applications.

(2) Focusing on International Hotspot Issues on the Environment and Development to Serve the Needs of Global Environmental Governance

6. Research on global climate governance. The SPS on “Global Climate Governance and China’s Role” has carried out research on the latest situation of global climate governance and the opportunities and challenges for China in addressing climate change through the organization of Track 2 dialogues among experts on climate and energy. It has put forward policy recommendations for setting a more ambitious total control target on greenhouse gases and encouraging key regions and sectors to take the lead in achieving carbon emission peaks. It has also carried out research on the low-carbon transition of power infrastructures in BRI countries, exploring synergistic management pathways on climate change and economic transition, energy revolution, environmental governance, and public health. Policy recommendations are proposed for China’s response to climate change in the 14th FYP period, and in the medium and long terms, as well as on promoting a green BRI.

Annual Report 2020



7. Research on the post-2020 global biodiversity framework. The SPS on “Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Conservation” aims to serve the 15th Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD COP15) and propose technical recommendations on the post-2020 global biodiversity framework. It has focused on exploring how to enhance the participation of the countries in the international biodiversity conservation process, strengthening biosecurity, and sharing China’s practical experience on ecological red lines. The study has also explored synergistic interaction with BRI and put forward policy recommendations on green recovery.

8. Research on global ocean governance. The SPS on “Global Ocean Governance and Ecological Civilization” aims to promote the sustainable use of marine resources and innovative global governance on the ocean. It focuses on the study of integrated ecological-based marine governance, green marine operations, marine renewable energy systems, and the sustainable development and utilization of seabed resources. The project has also explored the synergistic interaction of ocean governance with relevant SPS on biodiversity conservation and green BRI; it has put forward policy recommendations accordingly.

9. Research on implementing UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in the establishment of a green BRI. The SPS on “Green BRI and 2030 SDGs” carried out research on the implementation of the biodiversity-related SDG (SDG 15) of the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in BRI countries. The study has identified the progress and challenges of biodiversity conservation in BRI countries and proposed policy recommendations on promoting green BRI and implementing 2030 SDGs from the perspective of policy standards, financial tools, and governance structures.

10. Research on global green value chains. The SPS on “Global Green Value Chain” explored China’s role in the green transformation and reshaping of global value chains of “soft commodities” in the context of global industrial transfer as well as changes in trade patterns and policies. It has put forward policy recommendations on the construction of institutional mechanisms, the application and improvement of policies and technical means, and the integration of green value chains in bilateral and multilateral processes.

(3) Implementing the Requirements of the Guidelines on Gender Equality to Promote Gender Mainstreaming

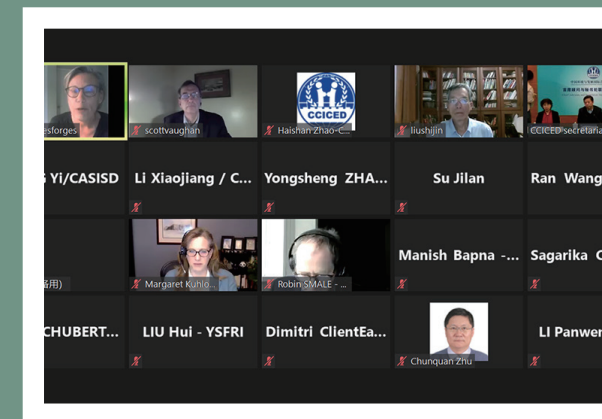
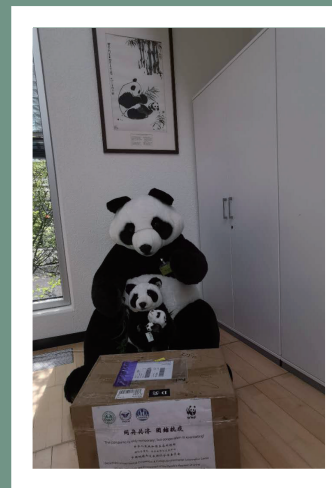
The CCICED Guidelines on Gender Equality were further implemented to promote gender mainstreaming in all aspects and processes of research: experts on gender equality were invited to conduct specific training, gender perspectives are incorporated in SPS work, and a report on “CCICED 2020 Gender-Related Work” was prepared. The role of female experts was given full play, with an increasing proportion of women participating in research work: over the year, a total of 332 experts have participated in SPS, including 108 female experts, accounting for 33% of the total—an increase of 5% over the previous year; among the 32 team leaders of SPS projects, eight are women, accounting for 25%; among the 21 coordinators, 12 are women, accounting for 57%.



With the support of partners, CCICED overcame the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and organized symposiums through videoconference platforms on SPS projects including green BRI, climate change, biodiversity conservation, ocean governance, sustainable consumption, and green urbanization. Through these videoconferences, the latest international experience and practices are incorporated into CCICED's research outputs, and the latest policy developments on the environment and development in China, as well as CCICED research progress, were shared with partners. In addition, regular joint working meetings were organized between the chief advisors and the Secretariat, as well as with donors and partners, to share the progress of various work of CCICED and exchange views on important matters in a timely manner. These innovations received positive responses from council members, special advisors, and partners.

In 2020, CCICED's overseas social media accounts posted a total of 359 messages, and the number of followers reached 25,000, with more than 2.62 million page views. Followers from 45 countries and regions around the world interacted on CCICED's pages. One post on the Facebook page, featuring a video speech by Minister Huang Runqiu on a side event on biodiversity at the 2020 United Nations High-Level Political Forum on Sustainable Development, reached 399,000 people. The video was played 42,000 times and received 9,120 interactions.

Operation and Management



(3) Effectively Utilize Multiple Communication Platforms to Amplify CCICED's Influence

In 2020, CCICED's WeChat official account incorporated international trendy design elements based on new media readers' interests and preferences and produced creative integrated media products such as graphics, posters, and short videos to enhance the attractiveness and readability of the posts. In 2020, the number of followers of CCICED's WeChat official account exceeded 3,000, an increase of more than 60% over the previous year; a total of 136 posts were published and the number of views reached nearly 40,000, an increase of nearly 130% over the previous year; in addition, the number of sharing also increased by 173%.

CCICED's "2020 Policy Recommendations," SPS research reports, Annual Report, and special publications on the Policy Studies Release and Roundtable Meetings, were distributed to council members, special advisors and partners through document exchange, mailings, and emails, to share CCICED's outputs to a broad audience in a timely way. The Council also shared relevant content on hotspot policy issues such as green development in the Fifth Plenary Session of the 19th Central Committee through point-to-point emails.

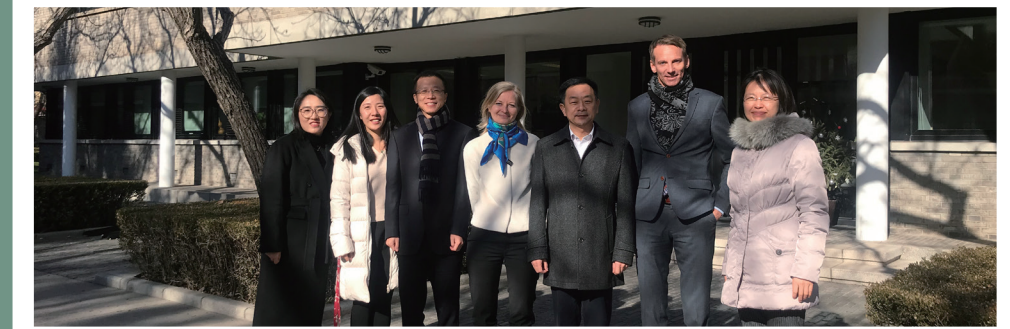
CCICED commissioned a professional company to enhance the brand image design of CCICED, set the foundation and application specifications for visual design; edited and published the flagship bilingual CCICED 2019 Annual Policy Report; designed and produced CCICED's Annual Report, brochures, SPS reports, and communication products such as micro-videos.

(1) Increasing Role of the Chief Advisors, Council Members, and Special Advisors

CCICED chief advisors, in close collaboration with their support teams, have been providing full support to ensure high-quality research at CCICED over the past year. Their main work responsibilities include providing consultative advice to the Secretary-General regarding the task forces and SPS and carrying out wide consultation with council members and special advisors to prepare the "CCICED 2020 Policy Recommendations" regardless of the impacts of the pandemic. They managed to complete the "CCICED 2020 Policy Recommendations," entitled "From Recovery to Green Prosperity: Accelerating the Transition Toward High-Quality Green Development During the 14th Five-Year Plan Period," as planned, and compiled and drafted the 2020 Issues Paper "Recovering Forward." Arthur Hanson, council member of CCICED and senior advisor at the International Institute for Sustainable Development, also authored a thematic report entitled "Post 2020 Biosecurity: Global Emergency to Ecological Civilization."

(2) Smooth Operation of the Secretariat

Under the strong leadership of the Executive Members, with the active participation of Chinese and international council members and special advisors, combined with the dedicated support of Chinese and international partners, the Secretariat managed to ensure the successful completion of all the planned activities and delivered the results targeted.



- Strengthened the communication mechanism of the CCICED Secretariat. The Secretariat has organized quarterly joint working meetings with the chief advisors, established a working meeting mechanism with the Secretariat International Support Office (SISO), and assisted the regular communication and discussion between Chinese and international chief advisors, which ensures effective implementation of research work.
- Coordinated and managed CCICED policy research activities. The Secretariat has formulated and revised relevant working procedures and document templates and provided comprehensive support and assistance for the establishment and operation of SPS projects. It has also organized and participated in more than 20 SPS meetings and activities between chief advisors and the Secretariat to ensure that the research work could be carried out smoothly.
- Maintained and strengthened communication with Chinese and international council members and special advisors. The Secretariat has invited council members and special advisors to attend CCICED events and provide support and services accordingly. Five Chinese and international council members were replaced, and two new members (one Chinese and one international) were selected to join the Council according to established procedures, as well as four newly invited international special advisors. The Secretariat has also organized communication meetings with donors and partners to inform them of research progress and event arrangements. These meetings also solicited support and contributions from more countries, international organizations, and enterprises from home and abroad.

- Overcome the impacts of the pandemic and developed new work methods and approaches in a timely manner. The Secretariat hosted the first-ever CCICED Policy Studies Release through a cross-platform approach of “online + offline + livestream,” and organized major events such as roundtable meetings, continuously improving CCICED’s organizational capacity and work skills.
- Enhanced capacity building for the Secretariat. The Secretariat strived to improve its overall management capacity and work skills through study and training sessions. It also set up a special working group to gather information on major environmental issues from international media, to provide support for government decision-making and relevant research work.

(3) The Important Role of the Secretariat International Support Office

SISO has actively contributed to CCICED’s policy research, organizing several symposiums with international experts in key research areas. It has been actively promoting the dissemination of CCICED’s outcomes overseas by setting up an overseas website to facilitate the browsing and access of overseas audiences, which fully displays CCICED’s work updates and policy research progress. SISO has compiled and published 46 issues of the weekly English CCICED Newsletter, to inform council members, special advisors, and partners of CCICED’s research outputs and its work progress in a timely way. It has been implementing the requirements of the CCICED Guidelines on Gender Equality, promoting the mainstreaming of gender in CCICED’s research and operation.

Fund Management

The total financial support from the Chinese government and international partners for the operation and activities of Phase VI is about USD 24 million.

The funds for Phase VI were divided into a core fund and funds for specified use. The core fund can be used flexibly for various CCICED activities, including the CCICED annual general meeting, policy research, roundtable meetings, the work of chief advisors and operation of the Secretariat, as well as for emergency responses to changes in work focus and situations. The core fund accounts for approximately 80% of the total. The funds for specified use are provided for specific activities, normally to support specific task forces, policy research, or demonstrative projects, to ensure sufficient financial support on major research work. These funds account for approximately 20% of the total.

Most funds are managed by the CCICED Secretariat and SISO. SISO is responsible for the management of endowments from Canada and part of the funds that the Norwegian government provides. Funds administered by SISO represent approximately 30% of the total amount. Under certain circumstances, the donors may manage their endowments through their institutions.

In 2020, the CCICED Secretariat and SISO continued to implement the “Fund-Management Guidelines for Relevant Expenditures of Task Forces.” These guidelines are based on the rules and restricted provisions established by the Chinese government and major donors of CCICED. They identify expenditure standards and reimbursement procedures.

As of the end of 2020, the expenditure of the CCICED Phase VI totalled USD 18,424,948. The expenditures in the 2020 fiscal year were USD 3,804,948, including USD 1,477,329 for policy research and chief advisors, USD 44,483 for Policy Studies Release and Roundtable Meetings, USD 2,001,259 for the Secretariat and publicity, and USD 281,877 for SISO and training.

Major Work Plan for 2021

(1) Policy Research

The overall research framework will be maintained, and the 9 SPS under the four task forces will be continued, with timely and appropriate adjustments and updates to keep aligned with the new situations and hotspot issues at home and abroad. Meanwhile, CCICED proposes forming a few comprehensive special policy reports focusing on the CBD COP15 and UNFCCC COP26 to facilitate the synergistic effects of different SPS projects. The details are as follows:

Task Force 1: Global Governance and Ecological Civilization

- 1.Global Climate Governance and China’s Role
- 2.Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Conservation
- 3.Global Ocean Governance and Ecological Civilization

Task Force 2: Green Urbanization and Environment Improvement

- 4.Green Urbanization Strategy and Pathways toward Regional Integrated Development

Task Force 3: Innovation, Sustainable Production and Consumption

- 5.Green Transition and Sustainable Social Governance
- 6.Major Green Technology Innovation and Implementation Mechanisms

Task Force 4: Green Energy, Investment, and Trade

- 7.Green Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) and 2030 SDGs
- 8.Global Green Value Supply Chain
- 9.Green Finance

Special Policy Reports: The Council proposes to organize core experts in the SPS projects on climate, biodiversity, urbanization, green value chain to research on nature-based solutions (NbS) and submit comprehensive special policy reports and recommendations that support the COP15 and COP26 processes.

(2) CCICED 2021 Annual General Meeting

CCICED proposes to organize thematic forums around the theme of “Green Recovery with Resilience and High-Quality Development” and hotspot issues on the environment and development at the CCICED 2021 Annual General Meeting, where the SPS teams will give reports on their research and discussions will be conducted to form policy recommendations.

(3) Other Work Arrangements

1. Providing high-quality services for council members and special advisors. In cooperation with the SISO, the Secretariat plans to publish a “CCICED Newsletter” (a weekly English publication), “CCICED Annual Report,” and other publications to share the work of CCICED with council members, special advisors, and partners. The Secretariat will continue to assist council members and special advisors in participating in major conferences and events, and in engaging in policy research work. In addition, the research reports and views from council members and special advisers will be shared through CCICED’s website, its WeChat official account, and overseas social media platforms in a timely manner.

2. Strengthening team building for chief advisors supporting team. The Council plans to further optimize the support teams of Chinese and international chief advisors, with enriched research backgrounds and strengthened supporting capacity.

3. Enhancing and consolidating partnerships. The regular joint working meetings will be organized between chief advisors and the Secretariat, as well as with partners and donors, to inform them of the progress of CCICED’s work and listen to the views of all parties. The Council plans to leverage the complementary advantages and share outputs with partners by carrying out joint research and joint events.

4. Strengthening capacity building for the Secretariat. The Secretariat’s capacity will be comprehensively strengthened, especially on the support for chief advisors in leading policy research work. The Secretariat will coordinate and collaborate with the SISO to hold regular work meetings and carry out personnel exchanges to provide continuous and effective support for daily operation and management.

5. Launching preparatory work for Phase VII. The Council plans to deepen the partnership with partners and prepare for CCICED Phase VII. It has listened to the views of major partners and experts in key research areas and operational mechanisms and has formed a conceptual paper for CCICED Phase VII.

6. Disseminating research outputs in a timely manner to amplify the policy influence. The Council plans to strengthen communication and cooperation with all parties through major events such as the CCICED annual general meeting and roundtables and continue to edit and publish the bilingual “CCICED Annual Policy Report.” It also plans to publish a series of books on selected policy research work. The Council aims to establish a mechanism for the dissemination of research outputs to ensure the publication of research outputs in a timely manner and to selectively deliver the intelligence to high-level decision-makers as appropriate, to continuously enhance the influence of CCICED.

7. Innovating communication methods to enhance brand awareness. The Council plans to deepen cooperation with China Daily and institutions such as the International Institute for Sustainable Development. Media platforms such as the CCICED’s website, WeChat official account, Facebook, and Twitter will be used to publish CCICED’s research outputs and work progress in a timely manner in multiple forms and from multiple angles to expand the coverage of publicity and enhance the visibility of CCICED.

Partners



Environment and
Climate Change Canada

Environnement et
Changement climatique Canada



On behalf of

Federal Ministry
for the Environment, Nature Conservation
and Nuclear Safety

of the Federal Republic of Germany



Kingdom of the Netherlands



Norwegian Embassy



世界资源研究所
WORLD RESOURCES INSTITUTE



世界自然基金会



Appendix I

2020 Policy Recommendations (Summary)

In 2020, CCICED carried out 10 Special Policy Studies (SPS) projects under four major research themes: “Global Environmental Governance and Ecological Civilization” “Green Urbanization and Environment Improvement” “Innovation, Sustainable Production, and Consumption” and “Green Energy, Investment and Trade”. Based on the policy research outputs, CCICED has formulated the “2020 Policy Recommendations” after several rounds of extensive consultations with Chinese and international council members, special advisors, and partners.

Council members believe that during the 14th Five-Year Plan (14th FYP) China should further advance the comprehensive framework for green development to set up strategic concepts, concrete policy targets, priority areas, and delivery institutions and mechanisms. This will lay a solid foundation for high-quality development and green prosperity and set an example of sustainable development for the rest of the world.

1.Strategic concepts: Development concepts shall include ensuring steadfast progress toward Ecological Civilization. This will involve seeking to achieve people-first, high-quality, and green development while promoting socioeconomic green transition by putting into practice the concept that “clear waters and lush mountains are invaluable assets.”

2.Concrete policy targets: These targets shall include maintaining the strategic focus of building an ecological civilization. Also, the 14th FYP shall integrate the UN 2030 Agenda and its Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), including actions for mitigation and adaptation to climate change.

3.Priority areas: A critical area shall be progressing toward a green way of life and production that is people-centric, driven by the “wheels” of innovation of green technologies, supported by the “two wings” of sustainable production and consumption, and carried out in the practice of urban green development.

4.Delivery institutions and mechanisms: Green development requires integrated approaches to advance policy coherence. Short-, medium-, and long-term goals should be better aligned.

The following sections elaborate detailed recommendations.

I.Green Recovery: Seize the opportunity presented by the post-pandemic economic recovery to promote green development and pivot toward socioeconomic resilience.

- 1.Bolster green elements in “New Infrastructure Stimulus.”
- 2.Support green jobs.
- 3.Integrated measures for community vulnerability reduction.

4.Promote green production and green consumption.

5.Support multilateral initiatives and enhance international cooperation.

II.Green Urbanization: Make progress in green urbanization and rural revitalization starting with city clusters and counties to tap the potential of structural shifts.

- 1.Bring into consideration rural factors in planning and work toward integrated urban and rural planning.
- 2.Promote the free movement of the elements of production between urban and rural areas.
- 3.Align the functional city model with a “nature-loving” city model.
- 4.Accelerate the broad application of green technology.

III.Green Consumption: Expand and upgrade domestic consumption and promote green consumption as the transformative driver of the green transition.

- 1.Establish a National Green Consumption Strategic Plan.
- 2.Improve and promote systems and mechanisms for green consumption.
- 3.Promote Circular Economy Solutions and Implement Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR).
- 4.Prioritize green consumption sectors.

IV.Ecological Integrity: Enhance ecological integrity and connectivity to tackle environmental challenges.

- 1.Pursue ambitious climate targets with energy transition at their core to build a low-carbon society.
- 2.Host a successful 15th Conference of the Parties (COP 15) to UN Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) in 2021 to galvanize ambitious multilateral cooperation, stepping up national actions to protect nature and human well-being.
- 3.Enhance comprehensive marine governance to promote the resilience of marine ecosystems and support the sustainable growth of the blue economy.
- 4.Improve the assessment methods and payment mechanisms for natural capital and ecosystem services to advance high-quality development of the Yangtze River and Yellow River basins.
- 5.Incorporate biodiversity conservation into China’s Framework for Green Finance and mainstream conservation finance.

5. Green Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) and the Supply Chain: Achieve global green prosperity through green cooperation.

- 1.Carry out pilot cooperation projects and promote green development concepts and practices in BRI countries.
- 2.Improve green assessment and classification of BRI projects.



3. Adopt measures to promote the systematic greening of global soft commodity value chains to avoid deforestation and ecological degradation.

4. Carry out pilot projects on green foreign aid.

Note: Please visit the CCICED website for the full text

<https://cciced.eco/wp-content/uploads/2020/08/cciced-2020-en-policy-recommendations-2020.pdf>

Appendix II

2020 Highlights

January

January 17-18	Workshop on Green Transition and Sustainable Social Governance in Beijing
---------------	---

February

February 7	Workshop on Green Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) and 2030 SDGs (videoconference)
February 12	Workshop on Global Climate Governance and China's Role (videoconference)
	Workshop on Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Conservation (videoconference)
February 13	Workshop on Green Urbanization Strategy and Pathways toward Regional Integrated Development (videoconference)
February 14	Workshop on Global Green Value Chain (videoconference)
February 14	Workshop on Global Ocean Governance and Ecological Civilization (videoconference)
February 17	Workshop on Green Technology Innovation (videoconference)
February 18	Workshop on Green Transition and Sustainable Social Governance (videoconference)
February 18	Workshop on Thematic Policy Research and the 1st Chief Advisor and Secretariat Joint Working Meetingn 2020 (videoconference)
February 19	Workshop on Green Finance (videoconference)

March

March 12	First Working Meeting of CCICED Chief Advisors in 2020 (videoconference)
March 30–31	Working Meeting of Chinese and International Experts on Global Climate Governance and China's Role (videoconference)

April

April 1	Second Working Meeting of CCICED Chief Advisors in 2020 (videoconference)
April 23	Third Working Meeting of CCICED Chief Advisors in 2020 (videoconference)
April 29	Second Chief Advisor and Secretariat Joint Working Meeting 2020 (videoconference)

May

May 20	Workshop on Global Green Value Chain (videoconference)
--------	--

Annual Report 2020

June

June 24	Workshop on “Green Supply Chain and Resilient Development in the Post-Epidemic Era” (videoconference)
June 26	Fourth Working Meeting of Chinese and International Experts (videoconference)

August

August 12	Second Coordinators’ Meeting on Thematic Policy Research (videoconference)
August 27	Third Chief Advisor and Secretariat Joint Working Meeting 2020 (videoconference)

September

September 17-18	CCICED 2020 Policy Studies Release in Beijing, with the participation of CCICED Vice Chairperson Vidar Helgesen and Erik Solheim through videoconference, and the attendance of Zhao Yingmin, CCICED Secretary General and Deputy Minister of MEE, who chaired the meeting
-----------------	--

October

October 9	Briefing for Donors and Partners (videoconference)
October 9	First Meeting of CCICED International Experts and Special Advisors on Nature-Based Solutions (videoconference)
October 22	Joint Working Meeting of Chinese and International Experts on Global Climate Governance and China’s Role (videoconference)
October 24	The Inception Meeting for the SPS on Green Finance (videoconference)
October 26	The Inception Meeting for the SPS on Global Ocean Governance and Ecological Civilization (videoconference)
October 28	The Inception Meeting for the SPS on Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Conservation (videoconference)

November

November 1	The Inception Meeting for the SPS on Green Transition and Sustainable Social Governance (online + offline)
November 6	The Inception Meeting for the SPS on Global Green Value Chain (videoconference)
November 10	The Inception Meeting for the SPS on Global Climate Governance and China’s Role (videoconference)
November 10	Consultation Meeting with Chinese Experts on Nature-based Solutions (videoconference)
November 13	The Inception Meeting for the SPS on Green Technology Innovations (videoconference)
November 26	Huang Runqiu, Minister of MEE and CCICED Chinese Executive Vice Chairperson, met with Erik Solheim, CCICED Vice Chairperson, and Signe Brudeset, Norwegian Ambassador, in Beijing
November 29	Fourth Chief Advisor and Secretariat Joint Working Meeting 2020 (videoconference)

December

December 1	Zhao Yingmin, CCICED Secretary General and Vice Minister of MEE, met with Erik Solheim, CCICED Vice Chairperson, in Beijing
December 4	The Inception Meeting for the SPS on Green Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) and 2030 SDGs (online + offline)
December 8	2020 Roundtable Meeting on “Innovative Cities and Greater Bay Area Green Development” was held in Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, attended by Erik Solheim, CCICED Vice Chairperson
December 15	Second Joint Working Meeting of Chinese and International Experts on Nature-based Solutions (videoconference)
December 15	Workshop on Global Ocean Governance and Ecological Civilization (videoconference)

Appendix III

CCICED Phase VI Composition (as of December 2020)

Executive Members

Mr. HAN Zheng	Chairperson Vice Premier of the State Council, People's Republic of China
Mr. HUANG Runqiu	Executive Vice Chairperson Minister, Ministry of Ecology and Environment, People's Republic of China
Mr. Jonathan Wilkinson	Executive Vice Chairperson Minister, Environment and Climate Change Canada
Mr. XIE Zhenhua	Executive Vice Chairperson Special Advisor on Climate Change Affairs, Ministry of Ecology and Environment, P.R.China
Mr. ZHOU Shengxian	Vice Chairperson Former Minister of the Ministry of Environmental Protection
Mr. Achim Steiner	Vice Chairperson Administrator, The United Nations Development Programme
Ms. Inger Andersen	Vice Chairperson Executive Director, The United Nations Environment Programme
Mr. Vidar Helgesen (2017-2020)	Vice Chairperson Special Envoy to the High-level Panel on Building a Sustainable Ocean Economy; Former Minister, Ministry of Climate and Environment of the Kingdom of Norway
Mr. Erik Solheim	Vice Chairperson Advisor, World Resources Institute
Mr. ZHAO Yingmin	Secretary General Vice Minister, Ministry of Ecology and Environment, People's Republic of China

Chinses Members

Mr. LIU Shijin	Chinese Chief Advisor Deputy Director, Committee for Economic Affairs of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference; Vice Chairman, China Development Research Foundation; and Former Deputy President, Development Research Center of the State Council
Mr. HAN Wenxiu	Vice Minister, the Office of the Central Financial and Economic Affairs Committee
Mr. YANG Weimin	Deputy Director, Committee for Economic Affairs of the 13 th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference; Former Vice Minister, the Office of Central Leading Group on Financial and Economic Affairs
Mr. MA Zhaoxu	Vice Minister, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Mr. XIN Guobin	Vice Minister, Ministry of Industry and Information Technology
Mr. YU Weiping	Vice Minister, Ministry of Finance
Mr. WANG Hong	Vice Minister of the Ministry of Natural Resources, Director of State Oceanic Administration
Mr. WANG Shouwen	Vice Minister, Ministry of Commerce
Mr. ZHOU Wei	Chief Engineer, Ministry of Transport
Mr. CHEN Yulu	Vice Governor, the People's Bank of China
Mr. CHEN Li	Member, the Overseas Chinese Affairs Committee of the 13 th National People's Congress; Former Vice President, Chinese Academy of Governance
Mr. WANG Feng	Member, Supervisory and Judicial Affairs Committee of the National People's Congress; Former Deputy Director, State Commission Office of Public Sectors Reform
Mr. XU Xianping	Counsellor, the State Council; and Specially-appointed Professor, Guanghua School of Management, Peking University
Mr. QIU Baoxing	Counsellor, the State Council
Ms. LI Xiaolin	Former President, the Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries
Mr. TANG Huajun	Member, the Leading Party Group of the Ministry of Agriculture; President, the Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences; and Academician, the Chinese Academy of Engineering
Mr. ZHANG Yaping	Vice President, Member of the Leading Party Group; and Academician, the Chinese Academy of Sciences
Mr. CAI Fang	Vice President, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences

Mr. HAO Jiming	Professor, Department of Environmental Engineering, Tsinghua University; and Academician, the Chinese Academy of Engineering
Mr. XUE Lan	Dean of Schwarzman College in Tsinghua University; Co-Chair of the Leadership Council of the UN Sustainable Development Solution Network (UNSDSN); Professor at School of Public Policy and Management at Tsinghua University
Mr. SHU Yinbiao	Chairman and Secretary of the Leading Party Group, China Huaneng Group.,Ltd.;Former Chairman and Secretary of the Leading Party Group, State Grid Corporation of China; Chairman, International Electrotechnical Commission
Mr. FU Yuning	Chairman, China Resources (Holdings) Co., Ltd.
Mr. QIAN Zhimin	Chairman of the Board, State Power Investment Corporation Limited
Mr. WANG Xiaokang	President, China Industrial Energy Conservation and Clean Production Association; and Former Chairman, China Energy Conservation and Environmental Protection Group
Mr. WANG Tianyi	Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer, China Everbright International Limited
Ms. Marjorie YANG	Chairman, Esquel Group

International Members

Mr. Scott Vaughan	International Chief Advisor Former President and CEO, International Institute for Sustainable Development
Mr. Arthur Hanson	Senior Advisor and Former President of International Institute for Sustainable Development
Mr. Joachim von Amsberg	Vice President, Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank
Mr. Peter Bakker	President, World Business Council for Sustainable Development
Mr. Francesco La Camera	Director-General, the International Renewable Energy Agency
Mr. Srun Darith	Secretary of State, Ministry of Environment, Cambodia
Mr. John J. DeGioia	President, Georgetown University
Mr. Jan Hendrik Dronkers	Secretary General, the Ministry of Infrastructure and Water Management, the Netherlands
Mr. Richard Florizone	President and CEO, the International Institute for Sustainable Development

Mr. Hans Friederich	Former Director General, International Network for Bamboo and Rattan (relieved from office from March 31)
Mr. Stephen P. Groff	CEO, National Development Fund of Saudi Arabia
Ms. Kate Hampton	CEO, Children's Investment Fund Foundation
Mr. Eric Heitz	Former CEO and Co-founder, the Energy Foundation
Mr. Stephen Heintz	President, the Rockefeller Brothers Fund
Mr. Nuritdin Inamov	Director, Department for International Cooperation, Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment of the Russian Federation
Ms. Naoko Ishii	Professor and Director for Center for Global Commons, University of Tokyo; Former CEO and Chair, Global Environment Facility
Mr. Rodolfo Lacy	Director for the Environment Directorate, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
Mr. Marco Lambertini	Director General, World Wide Fund for Nature
Mr. Yong Li	Director General, The United Nations Industrial Development Organization
Mr. Ajay Mathur	Director General, The Energy & Resources Institute of the Republic of India
Mr. Michael McElroy	Gilbert Butler Professor, Environmental Studies,Harvard University
Ms. Kathleen McLaughlin	Chief Sustainability Officer and President, Walmart Foundation
Mr. Dirk Messner	President, German Federal Environment Agency
Mr. Andrew Metcalfe	Secretary, Department of the Agriculture, Water and Environment of the Commonwealth of Australia
Mr. Hideki Minamikawa	President, Japan Environmental Sanitation Center
Mr. Oliviero Montanaro	Directorate General, Nature and Sea Protection, Ministry of the Environment, Land and Sea, Italy
Ms. Jennifer Morris	Chief Executive Officer, the Nature Conservancy
Ms. Nosipho Ngcaba	Director-General, Department of Environmental Affairs of the Republic of South Africa

Mr. Bruno Oberle	Director General, the International Union for Conservation of Nature
Mr. Félix Poza Peña	Chief Sustainability Officer, Inditex Group
Mr. Jonathan Pershing	Director of Environment, Hewlett Foundation
Ms. Diane Regas	President and Chief Executive Officer, the Trust for Public Land
Mr. Frank Rijsberman	Director General, Global Green Growth Institute
Ms. Åsa Romson	Expert in environmental law & policy, IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute; Former Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Climate and the Environment, the Kingdom of Sweden
Ms. Gwen Ruta	Executive Vice President, Environmental Defense Fund
Mr. Ahmed M. Saeed	Vice President (Operations 2), Asian Development Bank
Mr. Andrew Steer	President and CEO, World Resources Institute
Mr. Mark Tercek	Former CEO, the Nature Conservancy
Mr. Frans Timmermans	First Vice President, European Commission
Mr. Juergen Voegelé	Vice President for Sustainable Development, the World Bank
Mr. Jan-Gunnar Winther	Director, Centre for the Ocean and the Arctic, Nofima; Specialist Director, Norwegian Polar Institute
Mr. Seung-Joon Yoon	Professor, Seoul National University; Former President, Korea Environmental Industry & Technology Institute

Chinese Special Advisors

Mr. ZHANG Yong	Director-General, Bureau of General Affairs, the Office of the Central Financial and Economic Affairs Committee
Mr. FAN Bi	Invited Research Fellow, China Center for International Economic Exchanges
Mr. LI Junfeng	Director, Academic Committee of the Energy Research Institute of the National Development and Reform Commission; Former Director General, National Center for Climate Change Strategy and International Cooperation

Mr. LI Pengde	Deputy Director General, China Geological Survey
Mr. JI Yongjun	Deputy Director General, Department of American and Oceanian Affairs of the Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries
Mr. HU Baolin	Honorary Dean of Research Institute of China Green Development of Tianjin University; Former Deputy Director, Executive Office of The Three Gorges Project Construction Committee of the State Council
Ms. DONG Xiaojun	Deputy Director, Division of Economics of the Chinese Academy of Governance
Mr. ZHANG Yongsheng	Deputy Director, Institute for Urban and Environmental Studies, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences
Mr. ZHANG Yuanhang	Dean, College of Environmental Sciences and Engineering of Peking University; and Academician of the China Academy of Engineering
Mr. HE Kebin	Dean and Professor, School of Environment, Tsinghua University; and Academician of the China Academy of Engineering
Mr. ZHAO Zhongxiu	President, Shandong University of Finance and Economics
Mr. YE Yanfei	Senior Inspectorate Advisor, Policy Research Bureau of the China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission
Mr. CHEN Xinjian	Vice President, Industrial Bank
Mr. MA Jun	Chairman, Green Finance Committee of China Society for Finance and Banking; and Former Chief Economist, Research Bureau of the People's Bank of China
Ms. LIU Kun	General Manager, Medical and Health Division, China General Technology (Group)
Mr. LIU Tianwen	Founder, Chairman and CEO, iSoftStone Holdings Ltd.
Mr. ZHAI Qi	Executive Secretary General, China Business Council for Sustainable Development

International Special Advisors

Mr. Iskandar Abdullaev	Deputy Director, Central Asia Regional Economic Cooperation Institute; Former Executive Director, The Regional Environmental Center for Central Asia
Mr. Knut Halvor Alfsen	Former Head and Research Director, Center for International Climate and Environmental Research
Mr. Howard Bamsey	Chair, Global Water Partnership; Former Executive Director, Green Climate Fund Secretariat
Mr. Manish Bapna	Executive Vice President and Managing Director, World Resources Institute
Mr. Dimitri de Boer	China Country Director, ClientEarth
Mr. Guillermo Castilleja	Senior fellow, the Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation
Ms. Galit Cohen	Deputy Director General for Policy and Planning, Ministry of Environmental Protection of the State of Israel
Mr. Stephan Contius	Commissioner for the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the Federal Ministry of the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety, Germany
Ms. Lucie Desforges	Director General of Bilateral Affairs and Trade, Environment and Climate Change Canada
Mr. Yannick Glemarec	Executive Director, Green Climate Fund
Ms. Isabel Hilton	CEO and Editor, China Dialogue
Ms. Lisbeth Jespersen	Former Head of International Partnerships and Fundraising, IDH, the Sustainable Trade Initiative; Former Head of Secretariat, Global Green Growth Forum
Mr. Johan C.I. Kuylenskierna	Vice Chair, Swedish Climate Policy Council; Adjunct Professor, Stockholm University
Ms. Bernice Lee	Research Director - Global Economy and Finance, Chatham House
Mr Zafar Makhmudov	Executive Director, the Regional Environmental Centre for Central Asia
Ms. Jane McDonald	Executive Vice President and Chair of the IISD Experimental Lakes Area Board, the International Institute for Sustainable Development
Ms. Désirée McGraw	Former President and Head, College of Pearson College UWC
Mr. Hans Mommaas	Director-General, PBL Netherlands Environmental Assessment Agency

Mr. Ismo Tiainen	Director-General, Administration and International Affairs, Ministry of the Environment, the Republic of Finland
Mr. Hau Sing Tse	Executive Director, African Development Bank for Canada, China, South Korea and Kuwait
Mr. Dominic Kailash Nath Waughray	Managing Director and Head of Centre for Global Public Goods, World Economic Forum
Mr. ZHANG Hongjun	Partner, Holland & Knight
Mr. ZHANG Jianyu	Vice President and China Project Director, Environmental Defense Fund
Mr. ZOU Ji	CEO & President of Energy Foundation China

Deputy Secretary Generals and Assistant Secretary General

Deputy Secretary General	
Mr. GUO Jing	Director General, Department of International Cooperation, Ministry of Ecology and Environment
Deputy Secretary General	
Ms. ZHOU Guomei	Director General, Foreign Environmental Cooperation Center, Ministry of Ecology and Environment
Assistant Secretary General	
Mr. Li Yonghong	Deputy Director General of Foreign Environmental Cooperation Center, Ministry of Ecology and Environment

Secretariat and SISO

ZHANG Huiyong	LIU Kan	GAO Lingyun	WANG Ran	ZHU Jianlei	YAO Ying
FEI Chengbo	ZHAO Haishan	CHEN Xinying	LI Gongtao	LIU Qi	
Joe Zhang	Tristan Easton	Samantha Zhang	Brice Li	Cesar Henrique Arrais	



CCICED Secretariat

Address: No.5 Houyingfang Hutong, Xicheng District, Beijing, China 100035

Tel : (+86-10)82268651

Fax: (+86-10)82200535

E-mail: secretariat@cciced.net

Website: <https://www.cciced.net>



CCICED Twitter

<https://twitter.com/cciced>



CCICED Facebook

<https://www.facebook.com/CCICED/>



CCICED Wechat