

中国环境保护与社会发展研究

Environmental Protection and Social Development in China

范 必

国务院研究室综合经济司副司长，国合会课题组组长

Fan Bi

CCICED Task Force Co-Chair, Deputy Director General of General

Economic Department, the State Council Research Office

2013年7月20日

July 20, 2013



WWW.CCICED.NET

1.问题的提出 Problem Proposal

2.国际经验与实践 International Experience and Practice

3.中国的进步与现状 Improvement and Current Situation in China

4.理论与思路 Theory and Thinking

5.主要任务 Major Tasks

6.结论与政策建议 Conclusion and Policy Advice



1.问题的提出 Problem Proposal

❖ 环境问题影响社会稳定

Environmental Problem will impact social stability

❖ 环境问题引发各种社会问题

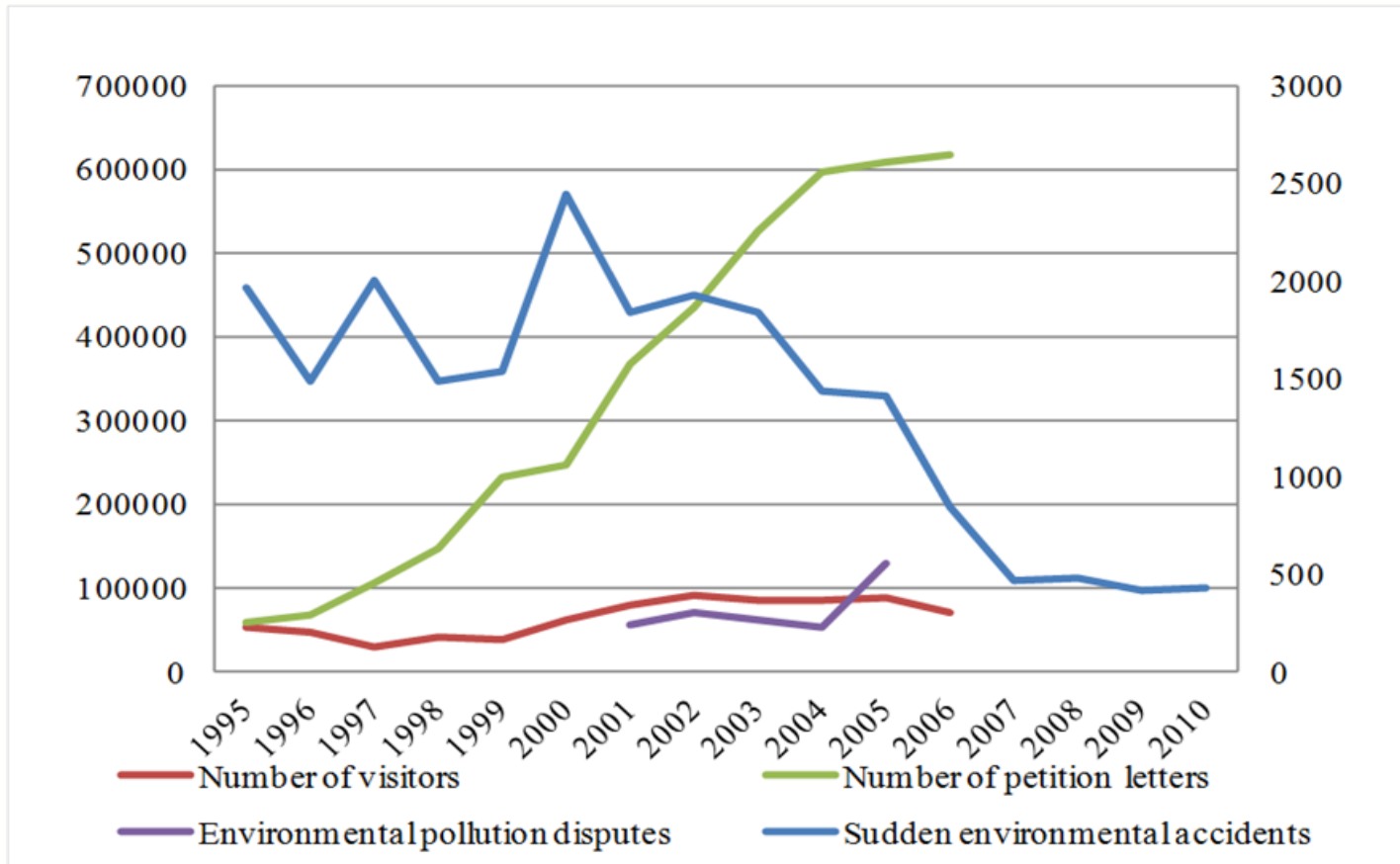
Environmental problem will cause social problems

- 健康下降 health decreasing
- 贫困 poverty
- 不公平 unfairness

❖ 对环境保护、环境与经济的关系有一定认识，对环境与社会的关系认识不够

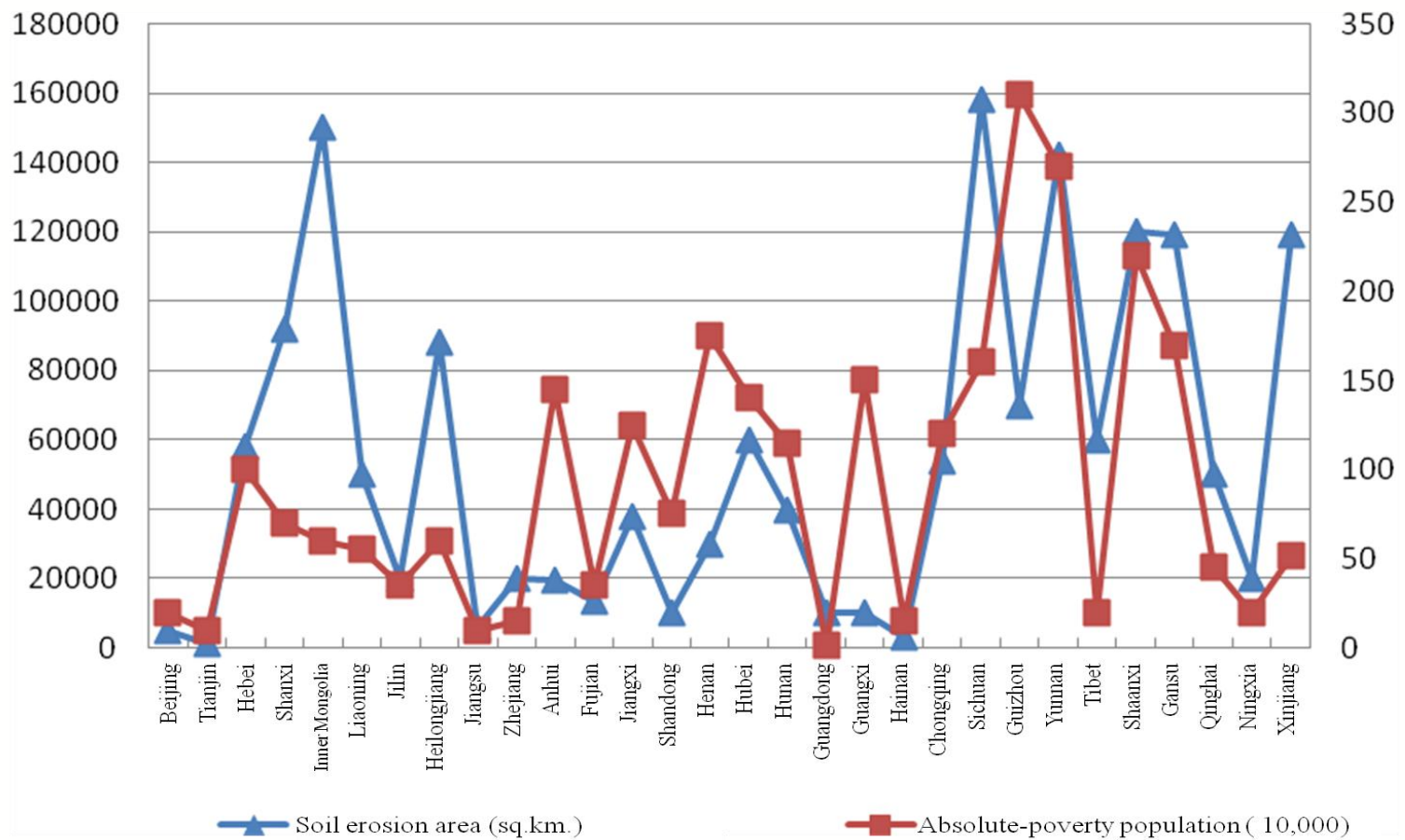
Certain acknowledge about the relationship between environmental protection, environment and economy, short of the knowledge of the relationship between environment and society





1995-2010年中国环境信访人数、环境污染纠纷和突发环境事件示意图
 The number of visitors, environmental pollution disputes, environmental accidents during 1995-2010





中国水土流失面积与绝对贫困人口分布关系示意图
Soil erosion area and absolute-poverty population in China



2. 国际经验与实践 International Experience and Practice

- ❖ 对于环境问题的认识和觉醒

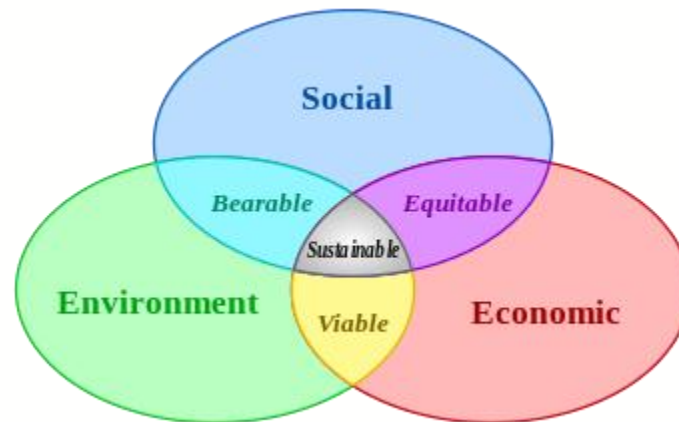
Acknowledge and awareness of environmental problem

- ❖ 对于环境与经济关系的全面认识

Fully acknowledge to the relationship between environment and economy

- ❖ 在可持续发展框架下对环境、经济与社会发展三个维度的全面认识

Fully acknowledge about the three dimension of environment, economy and social development under the frame of sustainable development



3. 中国的进步与现状 Improvement and Current Situation in China

第一阶段

1972年—上世纪90年代 对于环境问题的认识起步
1972-1990's, the awareness of the environmental problems

第二阶段

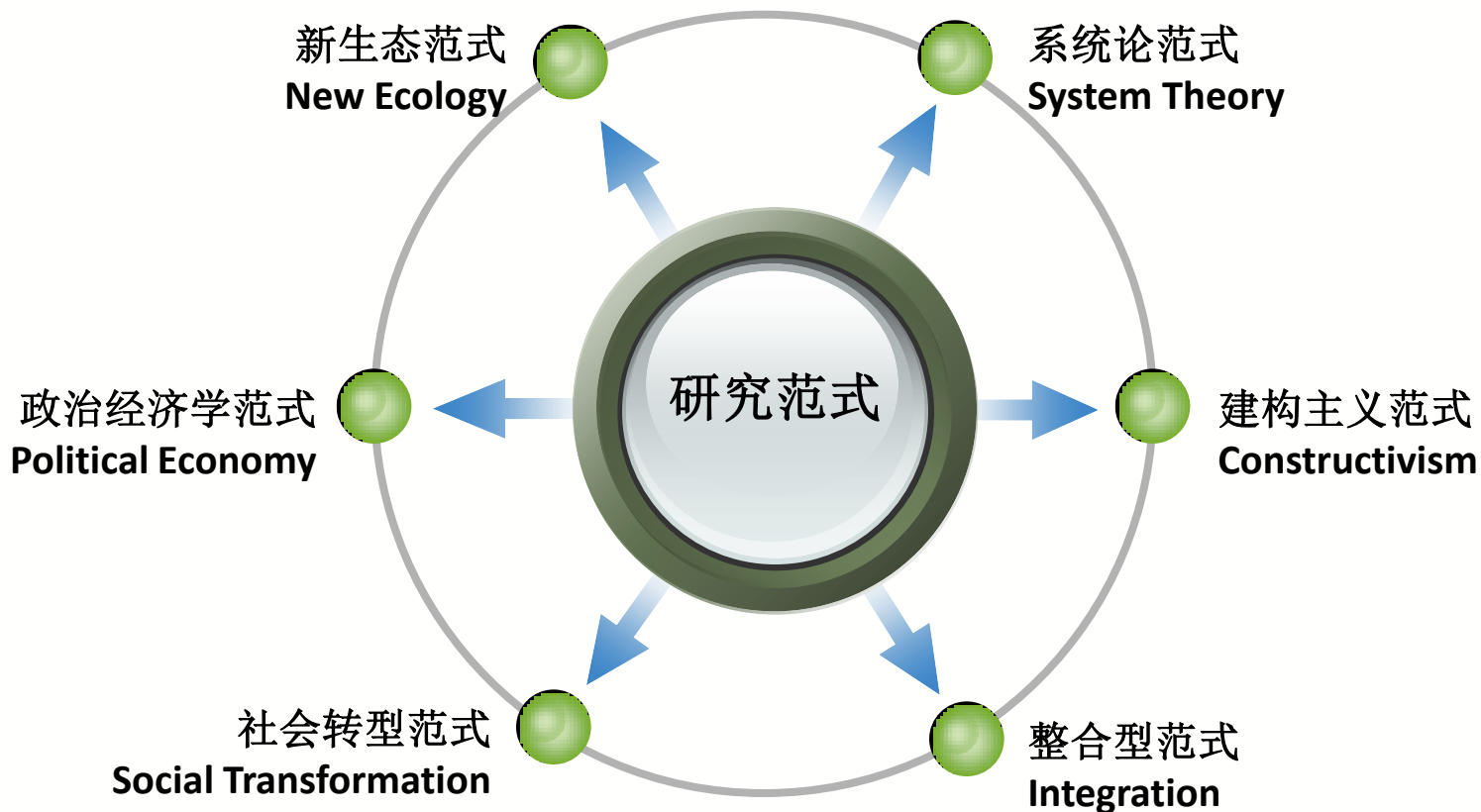
1992—2002年 实施可持续发展战略，贯彻落实科学发展观，推进环境和经济同步发展
1992-2002, implementation of the strategy of sustainable development, full implementation of the scientific outlook on development, promote environmental and economic synchronous development

第三阶段

2002年以来 建设生态文明，开始全面认识环境、经济与社会发展的关系
From 2002, construction of ecological civilization, fully understand the relations of environmental, economic and social development



4.理论与思路 Theory and Thinking



环境保护与社会发展关系的理论研究的多种理论范式

Several Paradigms in Theory Study of Environmental Protection and Social Development



4.1 环境保护与社会发展关系的理论模型

Theoretical models of the relationship between environmental protection and social development

- “社会行为与环境相互作用”模型
- “ Interactions of social behavior and environment” model
- “环境治理与政策调节”模型
- “ Social behavior and environmental governance” model
- “环境价值观念、环境行为和环境治理相互作用”模型
- “ Interactions of environmental values, social behavior and environmental governance” model

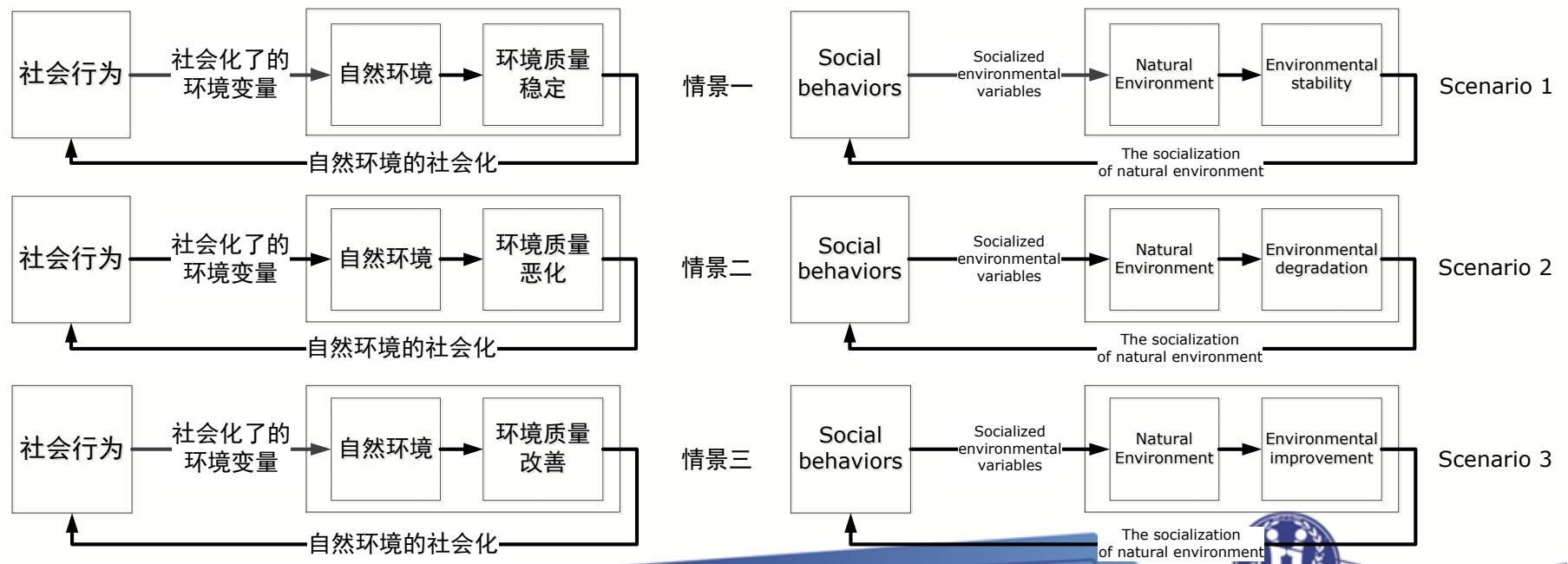


4.1.1 “社会行为与环境相互作用”模型

“ Interactions of social behavior and environment” model

- 社会行为是环境与社会关系模型的重要变量之一，主要包括三个方面的作用关系

Social behavior is one of the most important variables of the model, there are three types of relation between social behavior and natural environment

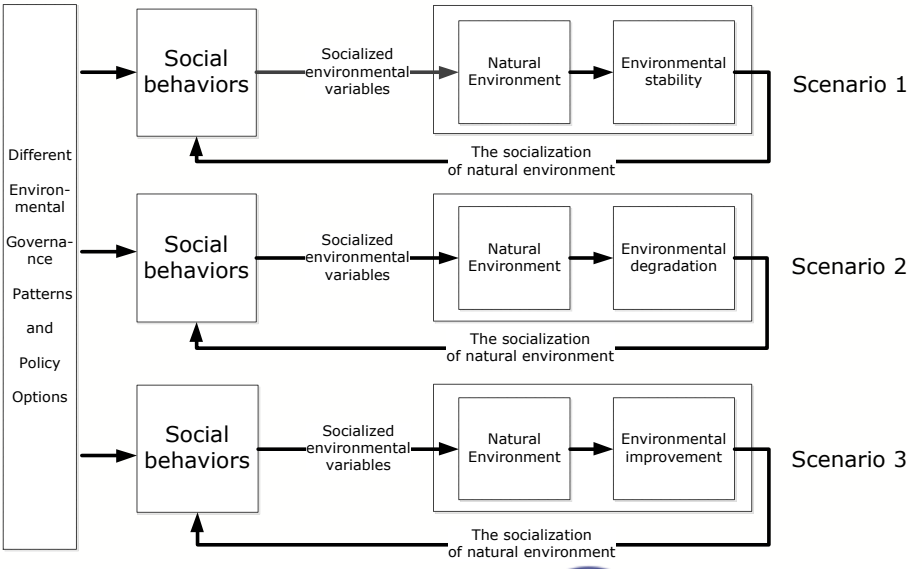
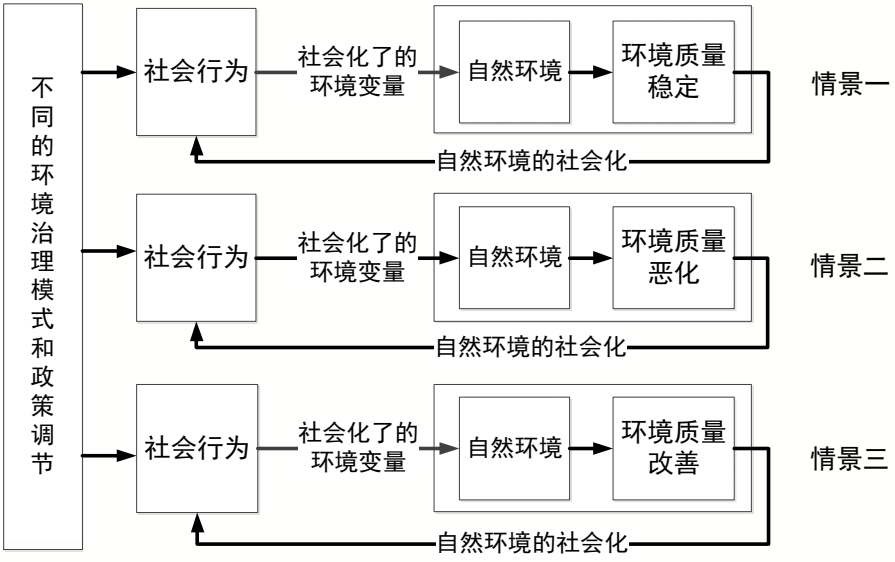


4.1.2 “环境治理与政策调节”模型

“ Social behavior and environmental governance ” model

- 针对不同的环境行为可以采取有针对性的治理模式和制度政策进行调节

Different environmental behaviors can be adjusted or restricted by different environmental governance and institutional policies

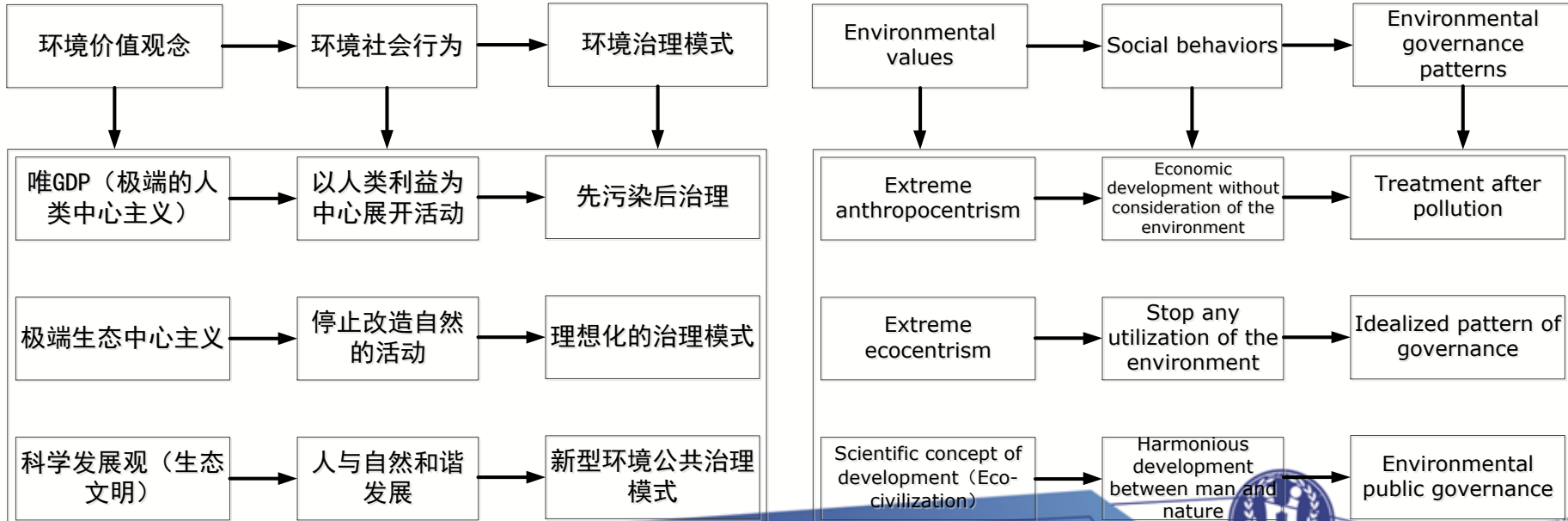


4.1.3 “环境价值观念、环境行为和环境治理相互作用”模型

“ Interactions of environmental values, social behavior and environmental governance” model

- 人们在环境与发展的关系时，不同的环境价值观念会导致不同的环境行为，并且会采取不同的环境治理模式。环境价值观念、环境行为和环境治理的相互作用构成了环境与社会发展关系的核心模型

Different environmental values lead different environmental behaviors, and different mode of environmental governance will be undertaken



4.2 中国环境保护与社会发展关系的未来定位

Orientation of the relationship between environmental protection and social development in China

- 理解环境保护与社会发展的关系定位的三个不同层次和视角

To understand the relations between environmental protection and social development from three different levels of viewpoints.

- 环境保护与经济发展、社会发展具有目标的同一性

Environmental protection and economic development, social development has the united target.

- 环境保护是独立于经济与社会的政策领域

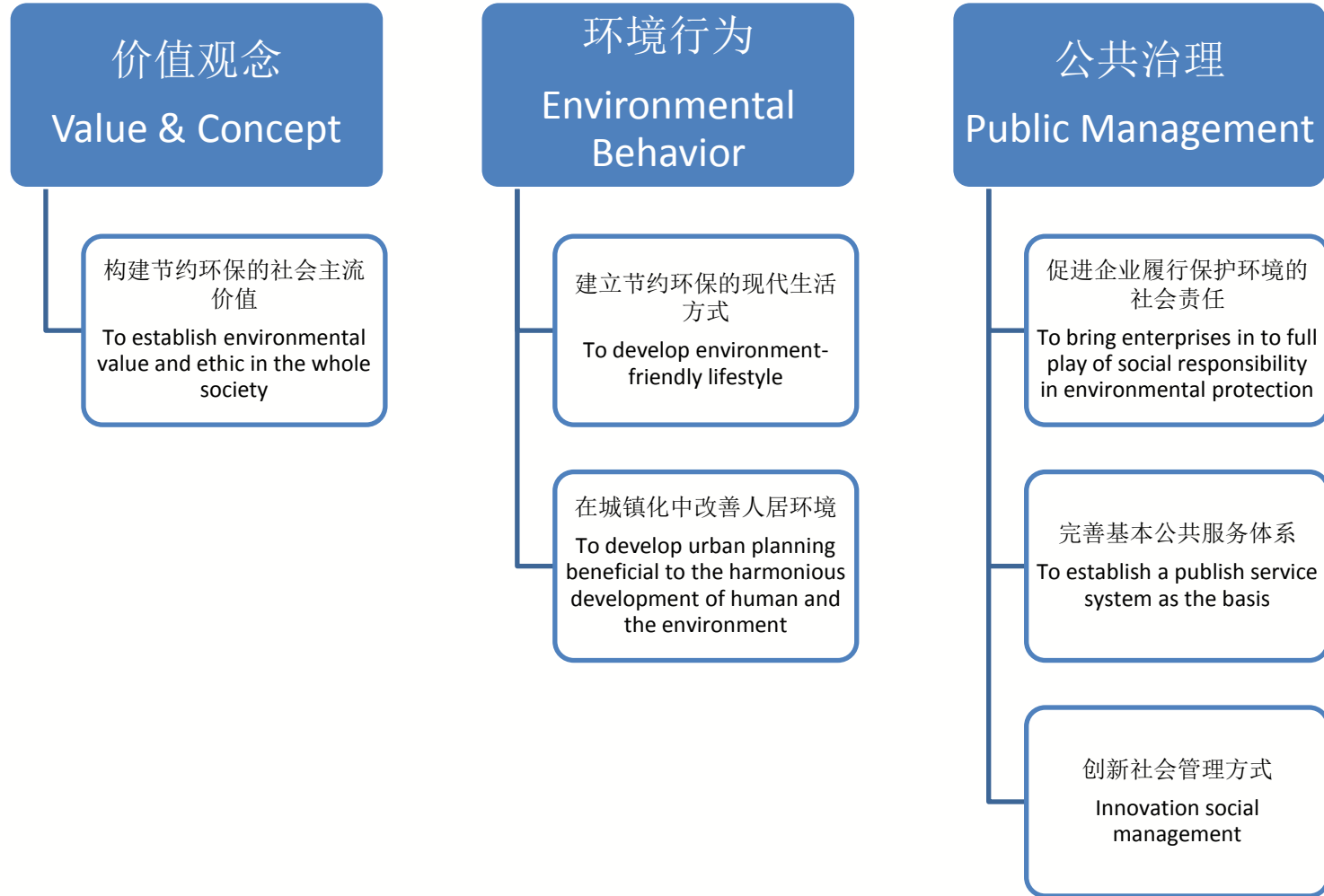
Environmental protection is independent of the economic and social policy fields.

- 解决环境与社会发展的矛盾应当从树立环境价值观念、转变社会环境行为、推动环境公共治理三个维度来入手

The conflicts between environment and social development should be solved through three dimensions: foster the environmental values, change the social environmental behaviors and promote the environmental public governance



5. 主要任务 Major Tasks



6.结论与政策建议

Conclusions and Policy Recommendations

- ❖ **结论一：环境保护和社会发展从根本上是一致的。二者关系处理得好，可以相互促进，处理不好，则可能相互掣肘，甚至激化各自矛盾。在中国现有发展水平下，考虑到实现现代化目标的长期性和艰巨性，必须统筹环保和社会发展，找到二者的“平衡点”。**
- ❖ **Conclusion 1: Environmental protection and social development are the same in fundamental. Well-treated relationship could make improvement to each other, if not, they will be the barriers to each other even the conflict. Under current development level of China, with the consideration of long-term and difficulties in practice of modernization, it must be organized of environmental protection and social development, finding out the balance.**



6. 结论与政策建议 Conclusions and Policy Recommendations

- ❖ 结论二：环境保护是独立于经济与社会的政策领域。长期以来，环境保护政策被置于社会发展政策之下。建立独立于经济政策与社会政策的环境规划与政策体系，有利于建设生态文明，更好地促进可持续发展。
- ❖ Conclusion 2: Environmental protection is a independent policy area from economic and social policy, environmental protection policy has been under social development policy for long term. Constructe an independent environmental planning and policy system is good for ecological civilization construction and improving sustainable development.
- ❖ 结论三：环境保护应当融入经济和社会发展的全过程。
- ❖ Conclusion3: Environmental protection should be involved in whole procedure of the economic and social development



6. 结论与政策建议 Findings and Policy Recommendations

❖ 政策建议 Policy Recommendations:

- 1. 通过教育方式，在全社会建立环保价值观及道德观
To establish environmental value and ethic in the whole society through education
- 2. 发展环境友好型生活方式
To develop environment-friendly lifestyle
- 3. 充分发挥多种社会组织，龙头公司，行业协会，民间组织的作用
To bring social organizations, leading enterprises, industry associations and NGOs in to full play
- 4. 建立以环保为基础的公共服务体系
To establish a public service system with environmental protection as the basis



6. 结论与政策建议 Conclusion and Policy Advice

❖ 政策建议 Policy Recommendations:

- 5. 制定有利于人与环境和谐发展的城市规划
- To develop urban planning beneficial to the harmonious development of human and the environment

- 6. 增强体制内协调，发展政治和法律系统
- To improve coordination in system, and develop political and legal system

- 7. 针对环境与社会发展做更加深入的研究
- To research deeper on environment and social development



谢谢！

Thank You !



中国环境与发展国际合作委员会

China Council for International Cooperation
on Environment and Development

WWW.CCICED.NET